Enabling National Prosperityusing FinTech

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Outline

- Introduction and Highlights
- Fintech in Nigeria: Our Context
- The Promise
- The Imperatives
- Final Thoughts



- Technology is the key driver of CHANGE in our world today
- Underpins two transitions fueling global shifts:
 - From the age of **DISCOVERY** to the age of **IMPLEMENTATION**
 - From the age of EXPERTISE to the age of DATA
- Simple as these transitions sound, they have profound implications for the digital economy
 - Implementation is what makes technological advances meaningful
 - Harnessing the power of data is the electricity of the 21st century

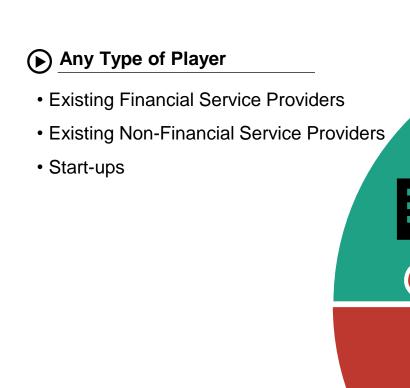
Just as the 19th century entrepreneurs began applying electricity breakthrough to lightening the room, cooking food and powering industrial equipment, FinTechs leveraging data are bringing elegant technical solutions to abstract problems by embedding Digital Financial Services (DFS) deeper into the fabric of our daily lives



- While technology use in financial services is not new, the pace of innovation is having a broad and significant impact in the growth of the Digital Economy
- Amplified by the Covid 19 pandemic, FinTech has become a core component of developmental growth in many nations
- Powering affordable Digital Financial Services (DFS) to unlock businesses, healthcare, education, entertainment and access to government services
- According to the world bank, access to basic financial services such as savings, credit and insurance contributes to several Sustainable Development Goals and a positive marker of social and economic improvement



Financial Technology (FinTech) could be...



- Playing in any part of the Value Chain
 - Business-to-Business "B2B"
 - Business-to-Customer "B2C"
 - Customer-to-Customer "C2C"
 - Infrastructure

Leveraging Technology

- Block Chain
- Data Analytics
- Application Programming Interface "APIs"
- Cloud



- Payments & Transactions
- Accounts

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- Savings & Investment
- Lending & Financing
- Life and Non-Life Insurance



There are 7 major trends shaping the global fintech space

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Shift to B2B Models

Start-ups serve more as catalysts rather than disruptors, hence the shift towards B2B and partnerships continues. B2C likely to remain attractive in emerging markets

Big Data/Advanced Analytics

FinTech players are using a broader set of use cases across the sector to successfully drive the application of advanced techniques and wave of new AI business solutions

Increase in Funding Fintech funding is on the rise and is

Fintech funding is on the rise and is expected to maintain an upward trajectory in coming years. Barring the Ant Financial deal in 2018, \$36bn was invested in 2019

Open Banking

Regulators are playing a stronger role globally to foster and shape innovation in the financial sector.

Encroachment of Big Tech Players

Big Tech players such as Amazon, Google, Facebook & Apple with large customer bases are making bold moves into financial services. Also, Google and Facebook in particular are aggressively moving into emerging markets such as India where Google Pay dominates the payment market

Innovation of Payment Infrastructure

Strong performance in card transactions coupled with innovations in payment solutions and regulations are key drived of online payments.

Rise of Super Apps

Many fintech providers globally are developing super apps and emulating the ecosystem players. Western players such as Uber are also making moves to build super-apps leveraging their core assets.



Fintechs in Nigeria: Our Context

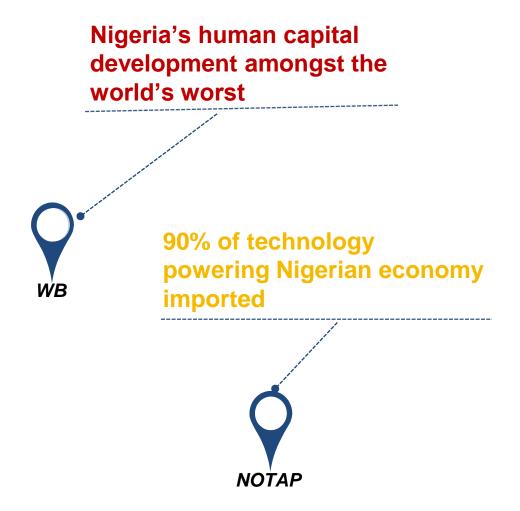
Population dynamics:

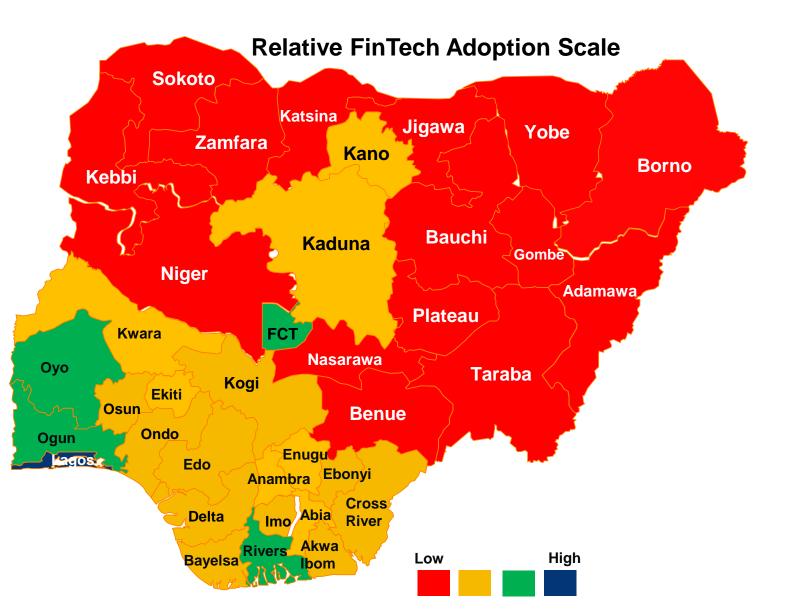
- 200m+
- Average age: 18.1yrs

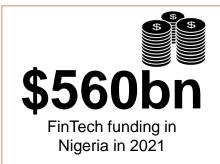
•TSA-IPPIS Savings

70k ghost workers eliminated













200+ No of FinTechs in Nigeria





The Nigerian fintech space have both private and public stakeholders

Capital Providers

Private Equity

Angel Investors Venture Capital

Incubators/Accelerators

Infrastructure Players

Interswitch

NIBSS

Card Schemes

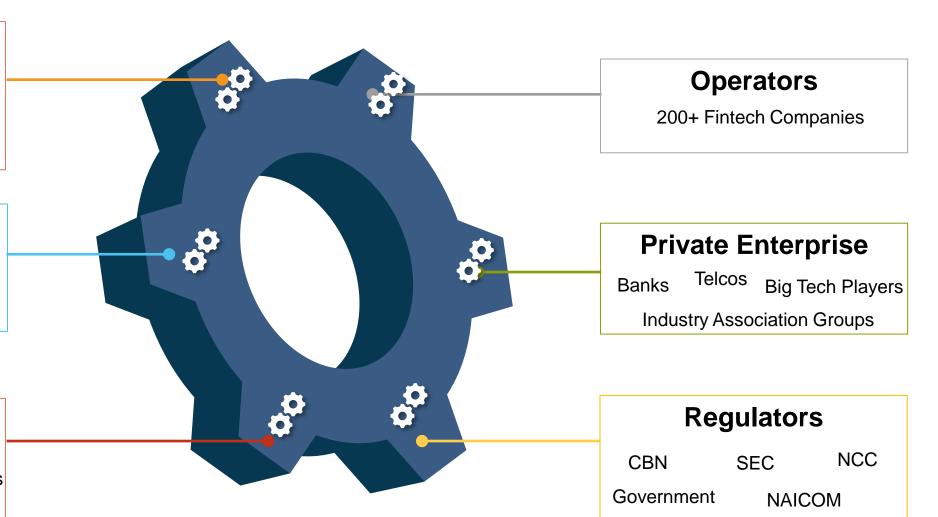
MainOne

Other Enablers

Online platforms

Educators Development Partners

Innovation labs and think tanks



As the Nigerian financial sector is evolving, banks reposition to stay ahead of the game

Strategic Alliance

Some banks have built strategic alliance with fintechs by opening up their infrastructure for fintechs to integrate and drive innovation. For example, Access bank's Fintech Foundry (AFF) funds and accelerate the growth of Fintech startups

Reinvention

Some banks are leveraging digital technologies to change operating model and deliver new proposition to the market distinct from existing mode. E.g., Wema Bank built ALAT, the first digital bank in Nigeria



Others compete with different fintech players as well as industry peers with Fintech propositions. E.g., First Bank's FirstMonie to drive agent banking

Acquire/Merge

Other banks are acquiring/merging with FinTechs as a means to capture synergies and drive scale. E.g., some banks are making equity investments in Fintechs.



Opportunities abound in the Nigerian financial space due to existing gaps

Nigerian financial The services sector presents enormous opportunities for fintechs due to unmet financial needs. Unmet financial needs coupled with rising internet penetration provide headroom fintech for growth in Nigeria



FinTechs are not only addressing unmet demands but are also doing it along the value chain. The fintech segment appeals funding investors as continues to grow. This will generally lead to the goal of boosting financial inclusion in Nigeria



Despite the numerous activities, carried out by fintechs, the amount of impact created by them is a fraction of the potential. There is room for more to be done.



concerted and collaborative effort involving the govt., CBN, other financial services regulators other stakeholders could lay the enabling framework for propelling fintech growth in Nigeria.





- Development of the FinTech ecosystem has been a bright spot in the Nigerian economy
- Spurred by considerable convergence of enabling factors and improvements in foundational digital infrastructure:
 - A youthful population
 - Enabling policy framework to increase financial inclusion and cashless payments
 - Increasing broadband internet
 - Mobile data services and smartphone penetration
 - Inclusive and trusted national Digital ID with linkages with other functional systems
 - Digital payment services
- New operators and Innovative startups emerging and fulfilling unmet needs in the traditional banking sector and seizing market share
- All things being equal, these are perfect conditions for the FinTech sector to thrive



Redesigning the Nigerian Fintech Market

Foreign-backed fintechs have a pan-Africa expansion strategy, with Nigeria as their entry point. Also, Nigerian fintechs are increasingly exporting their business models to other emerging markets

Brick-and-Mortar banks are reinventing themselves in response of growing fintechs. While some banks have launched fintech solutions, through inhouse innovations, others have collaborated with FinTechs



The Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) is pushing for a digital financial agenda. Initiatives have been launched to drive financial inclusion and push for a cashless economy

Investment in Nigerian fintechs continues to grow. In the past 3 years, fintech investments in Nigeria grew by 1975 mainly driven by foreign investors, particularly Chinese investors

The FinTech segment is a fast-growing market with Nigeria housing over 200 fintechs. Activities are centered around payment, savings and lending

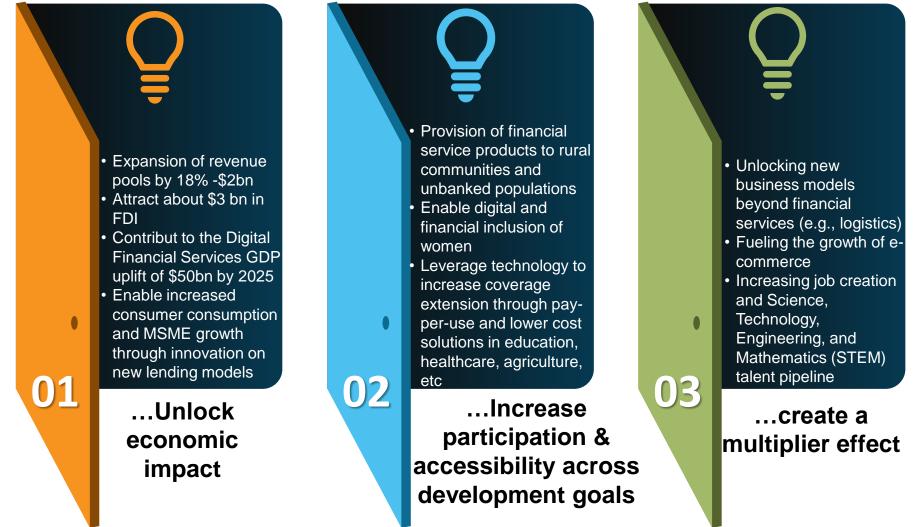
FinTechs create impact in three broad dimensions:

New businessmodels

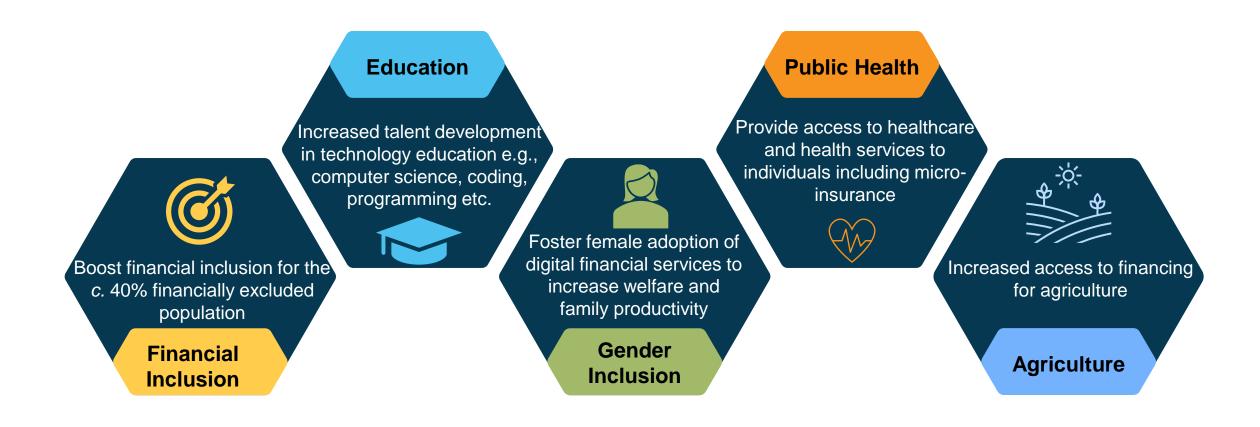
Job creation



In the long term (5-10 years), Fintechs have the optential to...



FinTech penetration will boost human capital development





The Imperatives

The Imperatives

- Despite the gains and impact created by FinTechs thus far, it is only a fraction of its potential –
 we are still punching miserably below our weight
- To unlock new levels of productivity, innovation and economic growth through FinTech, government, regulators and key stakeholders must work together to support consistency of policies and objectives
- Reaping the full benefits of the digital economy requires a more robust set of enabling factors and massive investments in three core capitals:
 - Human Capital We must prioritize investing in digital skills and knowledge to equip the army of young people with competencies for the future
 - Built Capital The development of new technologies in Financial Services comes with the need to digitize the economy and improve related infrastructure
 - Social Capital There is a full-on crises of public trust; social cohesion erosion is about the biggest risk we now face as a nation



What should stakeholders be doing?

Recommendations

Foster regulations that support innovation

Create pull for digital identity e.g., BVN, NIN, Voters ID etc.

Develop central credit infrastructure

Accelerate the deployment of digital infrastructure

Grow the talent pipeline

Responsibility

CBN, NIBSS ,SEC, NAICOM, PENCOM and NCC

Development organizations/ Foundations CBN, Partner agencies e.g., Ministries, SANEF, NIBSS, hospitals, schools,

Credit Bureaus, Commercial Banks, Lenders, NIBSS

NCC, MOF, Local and State Governments, Telcos

Development organizations/ Foundations, Federal, State and Local Governments, Industry players, Investors



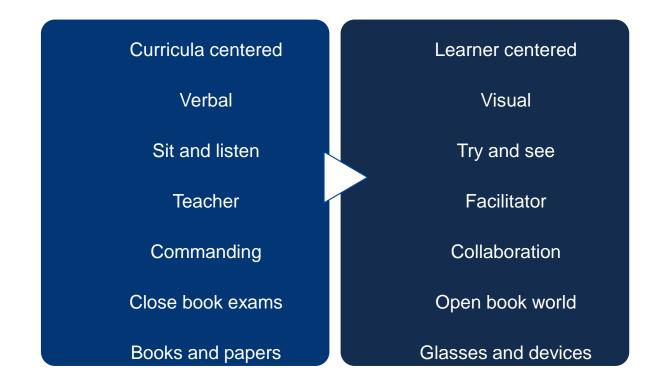
- Despite the increased activity in the FinTech sector and the positive multiplier effect in the economy, there is significant potential for massive growth
- Nigeria is a huge basket of creativity with enormous talent and amazing potentials that can be effectively tapped
- When linked to a clear and coherent concept rooted in deep understanding, FinTech can be harnessed to accelerate forward momentum
 - eg integrating the base of the pyramid and micro enterprises often excluded from mainstream financial services by addressing the disequilibrium caused by the supplydemand side barriers to financial inclusion



- Digital economy has a skill bias
- The substantial additional technical and functional expertise needed to create world class digital technology products and services does not just appear out of nowhere
- The innovations we see today rest on a solid foundation of education, inspiration, internship and mentorship
- To go far on the ladder of economic development using Fintech, across board reforms of the curricula to reflect the SFIA is necessary to improve quality and relevance and guarantee tech talent pipeline



- Education delivery models across all levels also need to adapt to align with current realities
- The pace of change may be slow but the direction is unmistakable...





Thank you



